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BALAKNAMA

World's Unique Newspaper for and by Street and Working Children

“Balaknama is the newspaper presented by Street and Working children themselves to fight for their own rights and problems because they are being completely ignored.

**CHILD
LABOUR**

EVEN AFTER A YEAR, NOTHING HAS CHANGED

Photos have a great importance in the news. Photo news is like a mirror, it makes everything very clear. There is an evident medium of expression. Perhaps you all are aware that in India, the 1931 film “AlamAra” was the first talkie film. In the earlier films, only words (moviograms / signals) were used to express the views. Silent films were used to be a thing in that era. For expressing expressions and feelings, photos are like a mirror. Let's know the truth of the news by the medium of photos.

Balaknama journalists performed a survey at various places Introducing their photos with the news

SOME PICTURES OF SOUTHERN DELHI



Location: Sarai Kale Khaan Fly Over, Bus stop, Rajapur Nagali, Nizamuddin Railway Station
Estimated number of child laborers: 340
Work: To wash used utensils in the hotel, sell water and trash, begging etc



Location: Lajpat Nagar car parking, down the metro station bridge, Central Market
Estimated number of child laborers: 310
Work: Selling balloons, selling threads (nada), begging, rag pickers, working in a tea shop, working in a clothing store.



Location: Nehru Place Market, Lalbatti, Park
Estimated number of child laborers: 180
Work: Selling toys, selling chargers and earphones, selling screen cards and dimple cards, selling water and selling foods, selling eatables.



Location: Kotla Fly Over Cardigan
Estimated number of child laborers: 45
Work: Selling lotus, begging.



Location: IIT Gate, Lalbatti, Fly Over, Park.
Estimated number of child laborers: 37
Work: Selling toys, begging, car charger, selling dexters of cars, selling bouquet.



Location: Lodhi Road, Saibaba Temple, Lalbatti
Estimated number of child laborers: 65
Work: Selling bouquet, begging, collecting slippers.



Location: Batla House, Nao Park
Estimated number of child laborers: 35
Work: Carpentry, begging, working on Dhabas.

continued on pg. 2

SOUTHERN DELHI

from page 1



Location: Kalkaji Temple, DDA Park, Metro Station, Lotus Temple.
Estimated number of child laborers: 135
Work: begging, working at the tea shop, selling toys, working at small shops.



Location: Jangpura Extension, N Block Park.
Estimated number of child laborers: 21
Work: To set up Momos stalls, collect garbage from houses and junk from parks.



Location: Old Delhi Railway Station, Khata.
Estimated number of child laborers: 64
Work: Begging, collecting junk, cleaning the train coaches with broomsticks, working as waiters in marriage parties.

In addition to the above mentioned places, there are some other places related to child labor.

According to the estimated number, there must be about 125 such places in South Delhi such as:

Badarpur Border Bus Station, Subhash Camp, Bhat Camp, Sansi Camp, Tughlakabad Metro, Jaitpur Murd, Prahaladpur Chowk, Tehkhand, Sangam Vihar Auto Stand, Lal Kuan, Kabari Basti, Nizamuddin Dargah, ITO Lalbatti, Jama Masjid, Red Fort, Chandni Chowk, Paraththi street, near Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium, Khanpur, Tigadi village, Moolchand Flyover, Defense Colony Flyover, Sarojini Nagar Market, BTT Lalbatti, Kailash Colony Ni Metro, Govindpuri Metro, Saket Metro, Window Expansion, Saibaba Temple, Cunat Place Mall, Palika Bazar, Aandan Vihar Railway Station, Mehrauli Jhugi Basti, Pusta Bhawan, Hanuman Mandir, Petty Market, Round Market, Rajiv Chowk, Trilokpuri, India Gate, Paharganj, Sadar Bazar, New Delhi Railway Station, Bangla Sahib Gurudwara, Delhi Cantt. Lalbatti, Barapula, Bhopal Market, Kashmiri Gate Bus Station, Babu Park, Zakir Nagar, scent park, Sonia Gandhi camp, Ali village, abused village trap garden, Lkkdpur etc.

Number of estimated child laborers: 125x100 = 12,500

Reporter: Shambhu, Deepak, Chetan, Jyoti and Poonam

SOME PICTURES OF WEST DELHI



Location: Chosen Bhatti Basti
Estimated number of child laborers: 36
Work: working as mechanic, working in bungalows (Kothi)



Location: Mayapuri, Lakkar Mandi
Estimated number of child laborers: 156
Work: Making furniture, sorting of sawdust



Location: Shadipur
Estimated number of child laborers: 15
Work: Rag picking, working at the tea shop.



Location: Kamala Nehru Camp
Estimated number of child laborers: 14
Work: working at Dhabas, working in furniture companies.



Location: Jawahar Camp
Estimated number of child laborers: 21
Work: Work at Dhabas and in marriage parties.



Location: Kanchan Basti
Estimated number of child laborers: 52
Work: Collecting trash, Selling lemon-chilli hangings.



Location: Balmiki Camp
Estimated number of child laborers: 24
Work: Repairing work (mechanics), working in factories.



Location: Laurence Road, under the flyover
Estimated number of child laborers: 22
Work: Selling lemon-chilli hangings (Nazar battu), begging, rag picking.



Location: Iron Mansion
Estimated number of child laborers: 24
Work: Working on a piece rate, working in a hotel or dhaba.



Location: Nehru Camp
Estimated number of child laborers: 49
Work: Juice stalls, picking junk, working as beldars.

According to the estimated number of West Delhi, there may be approximately 110 such places as:

Basti, Zakhera, Mangolpuri, Shakurpur and Shakurpur villages, Shakur Basti railway colony, Punjabi Bagh Club, Patel Nagar and Lalbatti, Ramesh Nagar, Shardapuri, near the Agarsen Hospital, Wazirpur Depot, Sudarshan Park, Industrial Area, Azadpur Mandi, Shahdara, Rajori Garden, Kirtinagar, Motinagar Flyover, Raja Gurden, 5/35 Jhugi Basti, RK Ashram Lalbatti, Jivalaheedi Markit, Peeragiri, Madipur Lalb Ati, Jhandewalan Temple, Ashoka Park Metro Station, Delhi Cantt Railway Station, Mansarovar Garden, Radhe Shyam Temple, Puppet Colony, Indralok, Rajdar Place, Indrapuri Railway Station, Shahid Bhagat Singh Camp, Raghuvir Nagar, Uttam Nagar East and West, NS P Mall and Basti, Prembari Bridge, Payal Cinema, PVR, Pandav Nagar, Khayyala, Nagangloi, Premnagar, Sewa Nagar, Ice Hats behind Thirty Hajari Court, Sagarpur, Subh Agriculture City, Dabdi mode, Basidarapur etc.

Number of estimated child laborers: 110 x 100 = 11,000

Talkative Reporter: Anil, Chandni & Reporter: Chetan, Deepak

SOME PICTURES OF NOIDA



Location: Amrapali Sector 73, Sector 76
Estimated number of child laborers: 31
Work: To set up small shops, sell pans and tobacco (gutkha), collecting the iron and steel by digging the soil.



Location: Noida Sector 05, Near Petty Office
Estimated number of child laborers: 34
Work: To make buttons, working at the grocery shops.



Location: Noida Sector 82, near the slums
Estimated number of child laborers: 14
Work: To set up shop of paan and gutkha, ragpickers.



Location: Noida Sector 49
Estimated number of child laborers: 19
Work: Working at a bicycle shop, working at a grocery shop, working in slipper's shop.



Location: Sarfabad Jhuggi
Estimated number of child laborers: 16
Work: Working in the field, working in homes.



Location: Chhailera Mkt, Sector 44
Estimated number of child laborers: 9
Work: Cutting bicycle tire-tube to collect iron, washing utensils on dhabas.



Venue: Atta Market and outside the Mall, Ashok Nagar
Estimated number of child laborers: 38
Work: Begging, rag picking.



Location: Noida Sector 16 below the metro bridge, red light.
Estimated number of child laborers: 32
Work: Selling balloons, begging, showing games



Location: Noida Sector 74, near Lalbatti
Estimated number of child laborers: 14
Work: working on the dhabas, working at the sugarcane juice shop.



Location: near Noida Sector 18 park, in the market.
Estimated number of child laborers: 28
Work: Fixing of the car, work in grocery or food shops.

According to the estimated number, there are around 50 such places in Noida such as:

Noida Sector 06 Market, Noida Sector 50 Under Metro Flyover, Noida Sector 24 Chaudha Village, Noida Sector 42 Jhugi, Noida Sector 40 Sadarpur, Noida Sector 44, Charela, Noida Sector 49 Baraula Slum, Noida Sector 53 Gejoda, Noida Sector 62 Depot, Noida Sector 65, Noida Sector 66 Mamura, Noida Sector 79, Noida Sector 84 Bhangel, Noida Sector 101, Noida Sector 104, Noida Sector 105, Noida Sector 106 etc. -

Number of estimated child laborers: $50 \times 50 = 2,500$

Talkative Reporter: Nawab, Sandeep, Majnu & Reporter: Shambhu

SOME PICTURES OF MATHURA



Location: Barric Basti
Estimated number of child laborers: 24
Work: carting, shoe polishing



Location: Islam City Basti
Estimated number of child laborers: 92
Work: making anklet, working at the store of vegetables, working at the junk shop.



Location: Mosque gate
Estimated number of child laborers: 22
Work: selling slippers, selling sil-batta(kitchen equipment).



Location: Bhima Municipal Market
Estimated number of child laborers: 21
Work: Working at shops, working at Dhabas



Location: State Bank
Estimated number of child laborers: 14
Work: Working at the shop of utensils, working at the clothes shop.



Location: Ding gate and Mars market
Estimated number of child laborers: 43
Work: Selling slipper, fery making.



Location: Holy Gate
Estimated number of child laborers: 21
Work: Working at the tea shop, working at the furniture store.



Location: Daresi Road
Estimated number of child laborers: 34
Work: Making the crown of God, making an anklet

According to the estimated number of Mathura, there are about 50 such places, such as:

Birla Temple, Bhuteswaraya New Radheyam Colony, Manishpuram, Sukhdev Nagar, Nitin Vihar, Nabhanit Nagar, Kankor, Khatik Mohalla, Old Mandi, Badhpura, Keshavdev Katta etc.

Number of estimated child laborers: 50x50 = 2,500

Talkative Reporter: Deepak, Laxmi, Mukesh & Reporter: Shambhu



Venue: Mathura Railway Station and Settlement
Estimated number of child laborers: 43
Work: Selling gutka, picking junk, selling water, begging, brooming in train, and selling gram.



Location: Chowk Bazar
Estimated number of child laborers: 32
Work: Work as mechanics, working at shops and Dhabas.



CHILDREN PUT THEIR THOUGHTS

- A 13 years old girl, Diya said, "I have worked as a rag picker at railway stations, bus stands and in markets. We children don't have any respect in this type of work that is why I want that people should not hate us and should see us with love like other children and should also respect us."
- A 14 years old girl, Rakhi said, "Children like us don't have any proper area to live that is why we wander here and there with our families. I want that government and normal public should help us so that we don't have to wander."
- Telling about him, a 15 years old boy, Ajeet said, "We want that our parents should also get some work and money so that we can also live properly and don't have to wander."
- A 16 years old girl, Rizbana said, "We all children have a dream to study like other children but as we don't have any ID proof, we are not eligible to take admission in any school that is why we children want that we should also get admission in schools without any ID proof so that we can also study for our bright future."

SOME PICTURES OF AGRA



Location: Jagdishpura
Estimated number of child laborers: 76
Work: working in small shops, like tea stall or selling clothes in the market.



Location: Bilouchpura
Estimated number of child laborers: 26
Work: Doing sewing work, working in factories, selling clothes in the market.



Location: Rasulpur
Estimated number of child laborers: 65
Work: To make design on Payals (anklets), sell in the market.



Location: Lalgarh
Estimated number of child laborers: 42
Work: Supplying water, selling gambling material.



Location: Azampada
Estimated number of child laborers: 72
Work: Selling the idea of lemon-pepper, begging



Venue: Prithanthatha
Estimated number of child laborers: 32
Work: Prepare a piece, working in a shoe factory.



Location: New surroundings of skill
Estimated number of child laborers: 130
Work: Designing and marketing shoe.



Location: Nagala Khushali
Estimated number of child laborers: 36
Work: Picking of beads on Payal, begging.



Location: Sadar Bhatti
Estimated number of child laborers: 58
Work: Selling food and drinks in the trunk, selling vegetables in the market.



Venue: Agra Cantt, Railway Station
Estimated number of child laborers: 36
Work: Pick up the junk, brooming the train, begging.

BROTHERS LEFT HIM IN WORST SITUATIONS, RESULTS IN SAMEER WORKING AS A CHILD LABOR

Talkative Reporter Sameer and Reporter Poonam

This story is about a 12 years old boy, Sameer, who left his school and got indulged in child laboring for his family's survival and took all the responsibilities on him. Let us tell you why he left his school and became a victim of child laboring. Sameer lives in a new house with his family. There are 8 members in his family- 6 brother-sisters and his parents. During his past, when he lovingly used to study and go to school, his father used to pull rickshaw and mother was a laborer. With time, his mother got diseases like Cholera (heza) and his father started drinking alcohol in his mother's tension. At present, his father is an addict of alcohol. He used to drink alcohol and sleep on roadside area and he continuously says one thing that is "Somebody please help me so that I can cure my wife". Seeing such bad situation, his 4 elder brothers, who are married, left his family and decided to stay



separated from them. Due to this, his mother's health was getting worse day by day. At that time, looking at his mother's health, he decided that now he will earn for her mother's treatment. At present, he is working in a shop of kites and threads, for which he earn 12000 Rupees in a month. With this amount on his family used to survive and his mother's treatment is also going on. Sameer used to say, "If anyhow my parent's health gets better, I will start going to school again as I love studying."

According to the estimated number, there are about 109 such places in Agra Cantt, such as: Lohamandi, Bilouchpura, Poor Nagar, Gherra Basti, Raj Nagar, Jagjivan Nagar, Malwadi, New Bamboo, Sanjay Palace, Raja Mandi, Anand Vihar, Bisheshnaganj, Sachta Gram, Gokulpura Tila, Idgahabad, New Basti, Balmiki Basti, Nagla Budan Syed, Bajipura, Kachpura, Golpura, Sant's Mandi, Telipara, Bagh Muzaffar Khan, Khatipara, Khatikpada, Karwan Basti, Ice Bazaar, Gautam Nagar, Sirki Mandi, Twelve Khamba, Khandari, Shambhu Nagar, Khatain, Abbas Nag, Charan Singh Wada, beautiful Pada, poor town, betel seller Pada, fifteen quarter, Vidya Nagar, Bajrang lane, Bodlaa Nagla Gangaram etc.

Number of estimated child laborers: 109x100 = 10,900

Talkative Reporter: Priyanka, Aman, Neenda & Reporter: Poonam

SOME PICTURES OF LUCKNOW



Venue: Kaisarbagh
Estimated number of child laborers: 15
Work: begging, working on small shops.



Venue: Engineering Crossroads
Estimated number of child laborers: 16
Work: Begging, rag pickers.



Venue: Bhootnath Bazar
Estimated number of child laborers: 22
Work: Selling lemon-Chilli hangings, Selling a rope, begging.



Venue: Aminabad
Estimated number of child laborers: 42
Work: collecting garbage from the shops, begging



Location: Tedi Pulia
Estimated number of child laborers: 25
Work: showing the game of snake, begging



Location: Maudgaon
Estimated number of child laborers: 23
Work: Begging, weaving.



Location: Charbagh
Estimated number of child laborers: 62
Work: begging in the buses, brooming the buses, selling water.

According to the estimated number, there are about 61 such places in Lucknow such as:

Presspuram Park, Hazratganj, Kapurthala, Goal Market, Mahanagar, Nishatganj, Munshi Pulia, Daliganj Bridge, Padaria Chaurah, Hussainganj Bus Stop, La Place, Khaliganj, Butter Fly Over, Sultan Place, Naka Handoli, Charbatti Crossroads, Iron Bazar, Transit Chowk, Najirabad etc.

The journalist team of balakama tried to team up with the children working in small towns, basti, etc. to know the exact number of child laborers. We have put the figures that we could get to know after all the conversation and investigation, on your desk. It's not like that the numbers of places we have given are the only places where child laboring is going on. We have presented the same statics we get to know after putting all our efforts. Apart from this there may be a lot of child laborers whom we must have not interacted or counted.

Number of estimated child laborers: : $61 \times 50 = 3,050$

Reporter: Anchal, Sangeeta



Venue: Polytechnic intersection
Estimated number of child laborers: 35
Work: Selling water in buses, begging



Location: Mardiano
Estimated number of child laborers: 12
Work: begging, working on small-cottages.



Location: Chowk
Estimated number of child laborers: 26
Work: Selling water, begging

THERE ARE SOME SLOGANS FOR THE PURPOSE OF SOCIAL AND PUBLIC AWARENESS

In order to make the society and government aware of child labour, Balaknama team keeps on giving as much information as possible to the society and the government through its cover letter "Balaknama" for every child labour related work and area. Child labour is emerging as a major problem among the society. It is deleterious for society. Child labour is a stigma which is good to eradicate from this society as soon as possible. How many child labourers are in a country, this shows what direction the country is developing?

For the purpose of social and public awareness, there are some slogans are presented in very simple language on child labour :

- Replace your son with the 'Chhotu' in the eyes Do justice to child labourers.
- They are also children and are true of mind Yes they have bad fortune but are still good
- Where the childhood lost, what can he tell you? His life has passed on the road, how he will tell you.
- If you are capable, teach a poor child, So, in the absence of money, he should not go to wages.
- Focus on your studies Stop labouring

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Nishigandh Bhambid

Want to say that I am amazed by the efforts made by you and your team to convert a distant dream into a reality.

Ashutosh Patil

I am Ashutosh Patil, from Aurangabad, Maharashtra. I am very inspired by your work. You are doing great job, keep it up.

I am interested in starting such newspaper in our Maharashtra state also, for which need your guidance. Will you help me and guide me to start this?

Kinshu Dang

I am Kinshu Dang, a journalist and researcher based in Delhi. I would like to congratulate you and your team for your hard work and persistence.

Tracy Macleod

I have recently moved to New Delhi from Canada. I am living in Chanakyapuri. I saw a story about your paper on Al Jazeera 101. I tried to link to the English version of the paper but the web link is broken. Can

READER'S LETTERS

someone related with your paper see if they can fix the link? Also where could I get a paper copy of your newspaper?

Alex wall

I saw the film Al Jazeera and 101, produced about you, and I cried. I was amazed at your resilience and grit. You are my heroes. I'd love to read your newspaper, but I'm not able to sign up on your website. Is there other way by which I can subscribe? I would also like to know what I can do to support you. Please let me know how I can help.

Ria, Kanishk

We came across your work recently and were really inspired by it. We are doing stuff in a very similar space to you - mainly in Africa so far. For more discussions, we would love to meet you. You can see our work here <http://www.girleffect.org/what-we-do/> Can we arrange a meeting? In the coming days, two of our teams are to be there in Delhi.

Mark Sanderson
Brand Director, India

Karly Cini

I have recently seen a documentary about your newspaper here in Australia by Caliste Weitenberg.

I am coming to Delhi in late October to attend the International Association for Adolescent Health conference. I would really love to come and meet your team! Is this possible?

Also I work at the Centre for Adolescent Health at the Royal Children's Hospital in Melbourne, Australia. I think many staff here would be very interested to hear about what for you do and to support you. Please let me know that in what ways can we support your paper?

Thank you friends for appreciating our work and also for sending your loveable and motivational letters to us. We, the Balaknama team are very happy and encouraged after reading all your letters. We hope that you will continually send your motivational letters in order to appreciate our work and encouraging us.

EDITORIAL

Dear friends,

Greetings.

We are very excited to present the 67th issue of "Balaknama" in your hands. This time we have chosen a medium to send news to you, and that is 'photo'. We hope you have liked this new way. Through the photo, we tried to tell you about the places where child labors are. We have tried this new way so that the reader can get information about the circumstances of this field and the fact that the news of the tabloid could be made to the truth.

Your thoughts and reviews are our pleasure, our honor and our motivation. We hope that you will continually send your lovable letters so that we can work with more motivation in order to put the problems of children and their situations in front of administration and the government so that they can also get their rights and live peacefully in the society and also in order to fulfill their needs.

The Editorial Board

WHO WILL LISTEN TO SANDHYA'S VOICE?**Talkative Reporter Sandhya and Reporter Deepak**

One of our journalists saw Sandhya, begging at small railway stations in Bihar. Sandhya is a 12 years old girl, who lives in Samastipur village, Bihar with her family. When our reporter saw such a small girl begging he went to her and tried to interact with her. He asked her, "Why are you begging at such a young age?" Sandhya replied,

"Due to m compulsions, I am here, begging at the railway stations because my family is economically very poor." Telling more about her, she further added, "Sadly, three years ago, my father died. We borrowed five thousand rupees from the villagers for his funeral. In order to return that amount, me and my mother is working very hard. My mother has to work in other's fields for our survival. Sad thing is that my mother is also suffering from tb(tuber-

culosis) due to which she is always unwell. We don't even have money for her treatment. When we went to the villagers again to borrow some more money for her medicines, they denied

to give the amount and said that we have not yet returned the last amount we took from them then how can they give us more money. I have always been afraid of one thing that is as like my

father left me, my mother will also left me due to her bad health. That is why I try my best to earn some money for my mother's treatment." Asking for some help and telling more about

her problems she said, "When I go in trains for begging, policemen run towards me for beating me. I just want some help from everyone, reading my story."

FOR THE SAKE OF FULFILLING THEIR SURVIVAL, CHILDREN ARE FORCED TO WANDER FROM HOME TO HOME**Talkative reporter Sachin**

When our journalists saw some children wandering here and there and sitting sadly, he went and asked them the reason for this.

A 15 years old boy, Sachin said, "We are sitting so sad because from the morning it's now the afternoon and still we have not got anything to eat. We are craving for hunger." Telling more about how they manage to eat, he further added, "There is a market near us, there is a huge mall in that market, where the outsiders come to buy things.

When they buy some food to eat and throw the rest of the food into the trash



we go and pick up that rest food from the dustbin and eat the same food and this is how we fill our stomach. Sadly, some guards of this market are very bad.

They run towards us to beat us from his stick. That's why we keep roaming around

so that we can get something to eat. In order to fight from his hunger situations, we started begging in our past, but the public did not give us money rather they asks us that don't we have anything to do except begging also they says that it's our daily

occupation. In such bad situation what we children can do?

Apart from wandering, we don't have anything else for our survival. Sometimes, we are forced to steal in order to fulfil our stomach. This hunger taught us to steal."

CHILD LABOUR AND PUBLIC AWARENESS

Balaknama Bureau

Child labour means 'work done by children', whether asked to do by their owners or are forced by their compulsions. Child labour is a serious issue, which causes children's future into the dark. Child labour is one of the main deteriorious of the society. It is not that child labour is only a problem of India, on the basis of an analysed data and information received; children are working as child labourers all

over the world.

Poor parents cannot afford to spend on their children's education. They don't even earn to fulfil their needs then how can they afford expenses of their children's studies in such poor situation. This is one of the main reasons why most parents force their children to start working in their childhood only. They work mostly in shops, Dhabas, hotels, construction areas, etc. Due to this reason children remain deprived of sweet

childhood and important education. Children are the future of the country, but the way children are getting stuck in child labour, it seems that children are becoming a burden on the country without being a future. They are facing trials. They are put to work at a young age. Today the rights of children are being violated illegally in the entire society.

Many awareness campaigns are being run by the government to eliminate child labour, even though most of

the children from poor families are forced to do child labour.

Although strict actions have been taken by the government for the education of poor children in the past few years so that no child is indulged in child labour. Poor children are being provided free education. For this, their parents are also being motivated. There is a need of public awareness and of public participation in order to make child-labourer's parents aware

of the steps taken by the government. It is a social disease that is hollowing the entire society. It needs to be eliminated from society by root. Therefore, the responsibility of protecting children from child labour is not only of the government but of every citizen of the country. Let's go ahead and plan to fulfil our responsibility so that child labour can be eliminated and a beautiful, happy society can be created.

CHILDREN ARE BEING PREYED BY FOUL SMELL

Talkative Reporter Anju and Reporter Jyoti

This news is about a place, whose name has been kept secret, with eight hundred slums. Some people living in these slums are from Bengal and Jhansi. They work as a laborer and rag picker for their survival. During the survey, one of our journalists got to know that there is a huge drain in this slum, which is very deep and unsafe. Children living there said that there is always some accident happening in this drain. Another weird thing our journalist got to know was that people living in the slums have made toilets near the drain with cloths and tarpaulin and children and parents themselves use it on regular ba-

sis. A 15 years old girl, Khushi (name changed) said, "Along with the accidents problem, another problem we have to face due to this dirty drain is its intolerable foul smell. Our slum is at very less distance from this drain. When somebody uses these toilets, the excreta directly go into the drain due to which drain smells very bad.

At times while eating food, we feel like vomiting due to foul odor. People even throw dead animals in this drain only, which is also a reason for its foul smell." Telling more about their problems, another 16 years old girl, Anju (name changed) said, "We children want that some strict actions should be taken as soon as possible because due to this drain, we

children fall sick on a regular basis. Whenever we go to the doctor, he advice us to change our living area in order to get rid off the disease." Expressing their worries and telling about their compulsions, a 43 years old lady, Mrs. Komal Devi (name changed) said, "Even if want to move from this place, we cannot due to money problems. How will we survive? In the area we are living a present, is a developing area and also we get a huge amount of rash and wastes very easily." Keeping a positive thought ahead she further added, "Our parents say that our prime minister, Mr. Narendra Modi Ji is making toilets for all the poor people likewise he will also make toilets for us also so that we can use it with our families."

THERE ARE SOME SLOGANS FOR THE PURPOSE OF SOCIAL AND PUBLIC AWARENESS

from page 6

We have to be determined To remove child labour from the roots

Stopping the child labour, We all should do this job.

Do not let children wage child labour. Do not hurt their small hands.

Parents become enemies, When they force the small hands to work.

Children are godlike, Do not ask them to labour. If the country is to be strengthened. Child labour has to be removed.

They are small, let them get the knowledge right now, Money, they will earn their whole life.

Education is their birth right, Do not put them on wages.

Children, be all capable, Develop your skills.

Right now, we have to study, Do not make us work-out and earn money.

Broaden your country, Prevent Childhood from Child Labour

Child labour is curse, Wages to the child is to be paid to sin.

Stopping the child labour, We all have to do this work

Get the right knowledge and education, Be aware of labour exploitation



1) Children's family surviving by selling lemon water

2) Child labor for the sake of hunger

3) Children indulged in child laboring in the age of studying

4) Child laboring at hotels and dhabas

5) Children working even in the homes due to poor economic conditions

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This newsletter is for limited delivery only. All the pictures are printed by the approval of the children.

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